

Citizens Report

Circular Economy Community Hubs:

A vision for a zero-waste, zero-carbon future

MAY 2022

Project conducted and report prepared collaboratively by NSW Circular, UTS Design Innovation Research Centre (DIRC) and Good for the Hood.

Acknowledgement to Aboriginal people

NSW Circular acknowledge the Traditional Custodians of the land on which we all work and live.

We recognise their continuing connection toland, water and community and pay respects to Elders past, present and emerging.

Published in May 2022 by NSW Circular

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Introduction

A circular economy is about designing waste out of our systems, keeping materials in use, and regenerating natural ecosystems. It is a social, economic and technological shift that requires input from all areas of our society. This document targets citizens and communities in exploring circular economy community hubs as a means to implement circular solutions at a community level.

MESSAGE FROM

NSW Circular CEO Lisa McLean



Circular Economy Community Hubs present an exciting opportunity for citizens and communities to drive the transition to a zero-waste, zero-carbon future.

No-one wants to waste - if there are good options for repairing or up-cycling clothes, appliances, white goods, for example, people will jump at the opportunity. Services that enable people to get what they need by not always buying something new, are urgently needed locally.

This report puts a spotlight on how citizens can participate in the circular economy (CE) through innovative local Circular Economy Community Hubs. With feedback from our many stakeholders, UTS and NSW Circular showcase a number of Hub models from Resource, Retail, Garden, Repair, Experimental Hubs to Tool and Things Libraries. Each promoting unique circular services and solutions that build local skills and jobs while reducing waste and emissions, keeping materials in the economy longer, and protecting biodiversity and nature.

NSW Circular urges citizens, businesses, councils, clubs and community groups to start the Community Hub journey today, building a local circular economy.

Key Messages

Community hubs are a great way to help communities transition to circular solutions and enhance the way communities care for Country

- Community hubs are essential in providing citizens with the services they need to waste less, keep resources in use and regenerate nature.
- 2 They are a global best practice helping citizens to transition to the circular economy.
- These hubs must be designed with, and for the community.
- There are many types of hubs with similar characteristics, but all will be unique to each community.
- By maximising the co-creation with communities we can accelerate the transitional process and improve the outcomes for citizens.

Who is this document for?

Architects, Urban Designers & Town Planners

Circular Economy Community Hubs must be implemented in nuanced and inclusive ways within local contexts across NSW. The relevant stakeholders who should read this are across public and private spheres, and include:

Place-Makers & Designers

Economists & Developers Artists, Makers and Creative & Community Groups

Investors & Philanthropists Existing Small - Medium Enterprises

Chief Sustainability Officers Researchers/PhD candidates

Industry Bodies & Associations Clubs, Associations and other Non-For Profits

Start-Ups, Universities, Incubators & Accelerators Futurists, strategists & innovations teams

Councils Interested Citizens

Community Hub

A Community Hub is a space used for various community events, gatherings, and services. These buildings require particular attributes; a mechanism to facilitate service, collaboration and integration as well as a place-making opportunity to build cohesive communities. A hub may also have a digital component which can foster the development of an online community.

Community Hubs are building on global trends and issues, such as:

- → Conscious consumption movement
- → Localised production
- → Access over ownership
- → Right to repair movement
- __ Share and reuse business models
- Product stewardship schemes
- Waste to resource attitudes
- Pay-per-use service models
- → Increased use of bio-materials
- → Supply chain disruption and resource
- → scarcity

Technical

This involves building decentralised circular economies by optimising material flows and services to locally cycle materials, increase resilience and self-sufficiency as well as reduce waste.

Shorter supply chains through distributed production reduces reliance on global production networks that externalise social costs onto other communities, whilst also bolstering local producers and manufacturers.

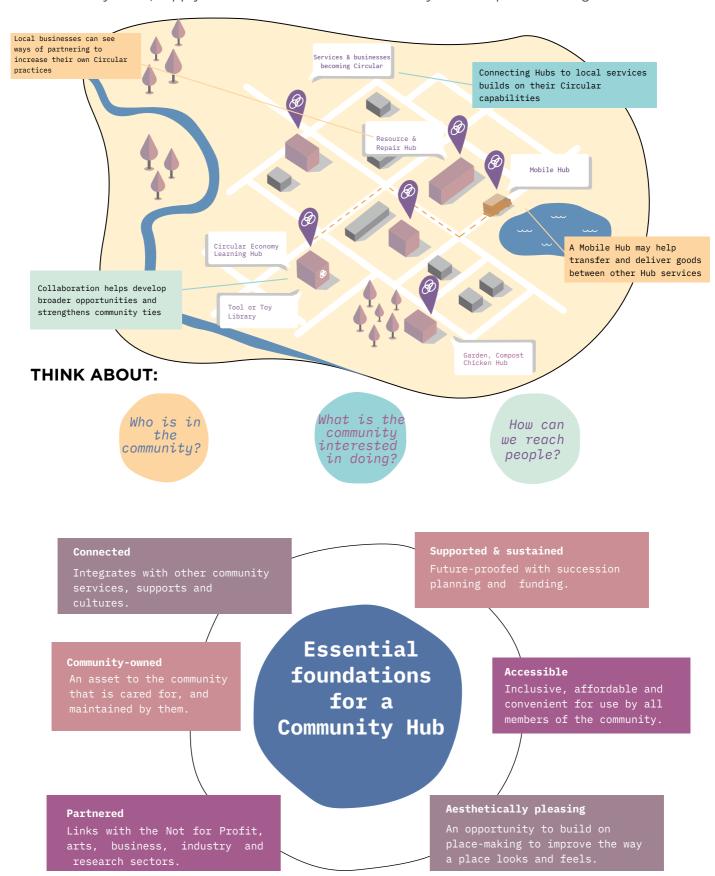
Cultural

This is primarily to do with bolstering individual and organisational practices of making, repair, sharing and communing.

These circular practices, lifestyles and infrastructures creatively embody the need for communities to slow down, build reciprocal relationships, consume less and live within ecological limits.

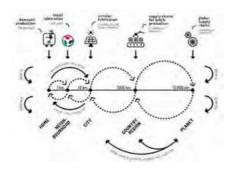
Roadmap to a Circular Economy

Circular Economy Community Hubs are an essential first step in building the new circular economy. By working together, business, government, community and citizens can build new local circular ecosystems, supply chains and services that will catalyse this important change.



CASE STUDIES

Existing community hubs



Fab city Barcelona

Neighbourhood model of circular supply chains allowing for decentralised manufacturing.

Image source: Sustainability



The Bower, Marrickville

The Bower Re-use and Repair Centre fosters a culture of sustainability, re-use and repair.

Image source: The Junk Map



Worlds Biggest Garage Sale

Sells dormant goods as a way to make purposeful-profit that creates a positive impact on people and the planet.

Image source: The West End Magazine



The YARN, Hunters Hill

The YARN is an innovative library and community space in Hunters Hill.

Image source: The Being Group



The Lost Plot

A range of crops are organically grown with constantly evolving community events.

Image source: www.thelostplot.org.au

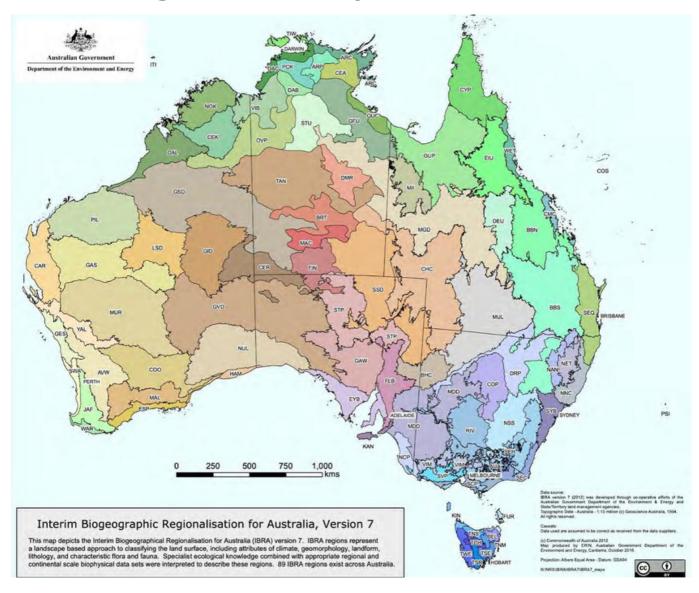


The Inner West Tool Library

A library of things for local residents, with tools, camping equipment, appliances.

Image source: Quentin Jones/DPIE

Circularity & Care: Enhancing Biodiversity & Culture



Cities and communities have a substantial opportunity to realign human interests with nature. This is key to achieving a circular economy. Typically made up of hard surfaces, tree removal, constructed waterways, cities are constraining and encroaching on biodiversity and can cause 'dead zones' with loss of habitat. Embedding regenerative circular practices at a community level provides many benefits for citizens. This work is in its infancy in Australia but is progressing in other cities to help communities continue to thrive while respecting nature and supporting biodiversity.1

To resonate with and motivate communities around NSW to be involved in the transition to a circular economy, it is important to recognise the long history of Aboriginal Australian circular stewardship of land and culture. Indigenous circularity brings tens of thousands of years of regenerative learnings that can continue to be embedded in the management of communities and cities.

This map shows the 89 bioregions of the Australian continent, including the 18 bioregions of NSW. The maps outline habitat, climate, geology, landform, native vegetation and species information common to each area. There are many opportunities for citizens and communities to build greater awareness about the unique conditions of each bio region. This greater understanding could provoke new citizen-led approaches to enhance local biodiversity. Effective Community Hubs begin with great thought and collaboration between local communities and key stakeholders to understand what is already happening locally, what the community needs and wants for its future, as well as the distinct culture of the community. Ecological qualities of Place - the types of biologies, geologies and physical characteristics that constitute a locality - must be considered carefully in the development of Circularity.

Hub inspiration

presence and campaign

Draw people in with

signage, branding,

Leisure destination

Direct democracy engagement

> Visually attractive

Coming together to advocate for political change beyond consumer

CITIZEN CO-CREATION

Governance and leadership

Events that broaden out reach

Key messages and communications to the community

action

Citizen science in testing water, air biodiversity

Biomaterial experimentation

Making objects for habitats & sanctuaries for wildlife



Enhancing and learning, connection to nature

ECOLOGICAL REGENERATION

Waste plastic reuse and moulding

Clean up our streets and streams

Diverse, open source designs

Engaging with family as foundational to the hub

Networking for public and private enterprise

AND SKILLS **EDUCATION**

Keeping alive or renewing lost arts and trades

> Intergenerational **Iearging**ion with schools

> > Space sharing for meetings/ training

Lessons in local craft processes

Hands on demonstrations



Repair op-shop MATERIALS, MAKING AND REPAIR Textiles

repair

Low tech hands on techniques



High tech design and manufacture

> E-waste material recovery

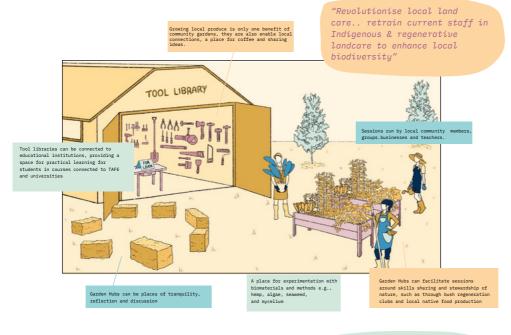
> > Repair cafe

LIVING LAB AND **INNOVATION**

Exhibit new ways of doing things living show room

Design for disassembly and modular electronics

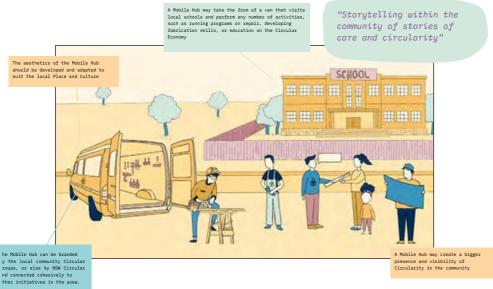
Hub concepts



1. TOOL LIBRARY & GARDEN HUB

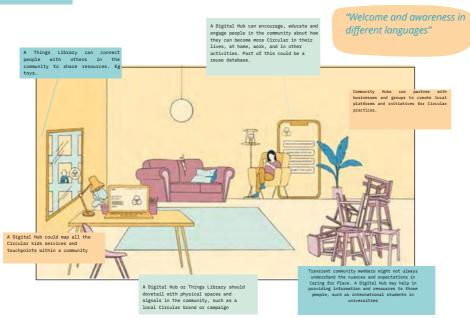
Provide affordable and accessible tools that can be reused by members of the community, extending the life of resources.

Grow and share local produce, build community through participation and regenerate country.



2. MOBILE HUB

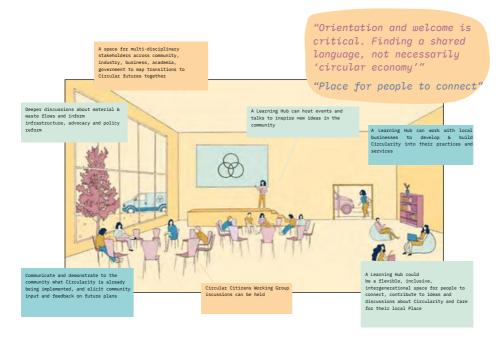
Encourage new circular services in the community that can move around - to schools, parks and businesses and where they are needed. New 'as a service' models are available to repair, recycle and bring new solutions for pre-loved items.



3. DIGITAL HUB & THINGS LIBRARY

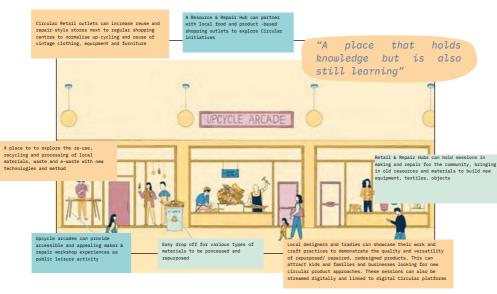
Leveraging local digital hubs and online resources to drive awareness of circular economy. A sharing space for circular services such as libraries of things where items such as toys, appliances are shared and reused.

Hub concepts



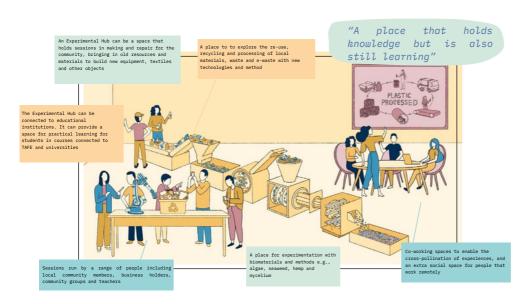
4. CIRCULAR LEARNING HUB

Deliver practical information, advice and courses on how to participate in the circular economy. Community members can gain an understanding and practical skills from organics recycling, to reuse recovery and regeneration.



6. RETAIL & REPAIR HUB

Get what you need without always buying it: A hub to repair goods, provide second-hand and reused products, and as a service sales models. Repairing appliances, clothes and textiles provides an important service and will support new jobs and businesses.



7.EXPERIMENTAL HUB

A space for experimental practices and learning.
Communities may want a Hub to build awareness and share practices in reuse, recycling and repair. This can also be a space for the community to return high value items from batteries, e-waste to soft toys.

How-To

The co-creation process described over the following pages is a prototype for a community-led approach to establish and sustain Circular Economy Community Hubs in their local contexts.

We suggest that the co-creation process be creatively hacked as relevant to each context.

1. UNDERSTANDING THE CONTEXT OF PLACE AND COMMUNITY



Establish a core community group that is diverse and balanced

- Who needs to be involved to help understand the place and people?
- How does NSW Circular establish this core group?
- What is the overarching circular vision and how can it be linked to this specific context?
- Core group is to lead community engagement
- Diverse types of people & representation



Understand the qualities of Place

- Explore what caring for Country means to the core community group
- What does it mean to care for Place, Each Other and Things?
- Philosophical underpinnings of why this is worth doing
- Describe the spirit of the place
- Describe the bio-geo-physical characteristics of the context
- Populate a map of the context with things the core team value and do in various locations



Understand community and stakeholder needs

- Who are the members of this local community, what are their demographics, livelihoods, types of business and industry?
- What are the needs of the community?
- What are the needs of relevant stakeholders e.g., business, industry, government?

2. EXPLORING CURRENT AND FUTURE CIRCULARITY



Map the circularity that already exists

- Identify seeds for a circular economy that already exist
 services, infrastructure, organisations, practices
- · What are the key waste streams?
- What are the key barriers and challenges?



Explore the aspirations of what could be

- What are the desires and aspirations for circularity in this place?
- Create measures, improvements and place-based goals (connecting to broader and longer term CE movement).
- What have other people done in other contexts?
- Draw from and feed into a NSW Circular collection of what other hubs have done
- How can circularity enhance local relationships?



Engage the broader community to build on needs & goals

- Validate the already discussed needs and goals
- Explore further articulations of needs and goals with community members and other stakeholders
- Participatory public engagements, surveys, town halls, etc.
- Involve scientists where possible as experts in social, ecological and technological research

How-To

3. ESTABLISHING A COMMUNITY HUB



Outline the shape of a context-specific hub

- What could it be/do/look like?
- Core team explores what opportunities are for a hub?
- How could a hub help catalyse the previously determined goals/needs?
- Do we even want or need a hub here?



Distil an articulation of relevant hub catalysts

- Refer to examples of hub catalysts provided (grouped thematically as social, material, ecological, educational and innovative)
- Core community team to flesh out the shape of their hub using these examples
- Refer to previous explorations
 'map of seeds of circularity'
 and 'what could be'



Find a space and investment

- Where are the specific locations where the hub could flourish?
- Who is the hub to engage with in the community and what are its channels of engagement, e.g., physical or digital?
- · What are its funding sources?



Define the range of hub activities and engagement

- What specific practices and services, infrastructures and networks does the hub enable;
- Refine the range of hub activities and engagement based on the following three prompts
- How well does the hub concept suit the place-context?
- How well does the hub concept suit the needs and aspirations of the local community?
- How well might this hub concept dovetail into the already existing seeds for a circular economy in the context?

4. SUSTAINING A COMMUNITY HUB



Catalyse the local circular networks

- Who else is (or should be) involved in this?
- Who else could be involved that is not already in the core team?
- What are the supporting services, people and infrastructure?
- The core team engages with the rest of the community to connect up the seeds for circularity
- How can the hub be better connected to supply chains and industry?
- How does NSW circular support and connect with the hub?



Enable the hub to evolve + learn over time

- Check in and update goals and measures
- NSW Circular can abstract a growing set of practices and learnings from the different types of hubs around NSW
- Establish and maintain relationship with statewide network of community hubs
- What are the ongoing sources of funding?
- What are the emerging trends and dynamics that the community hub could tap into?

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